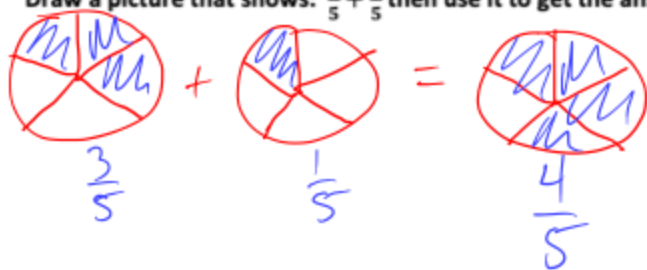


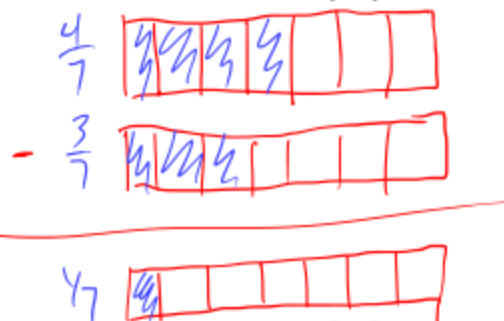
Math 9 Section 3.3 – Adding/Subtracting Rational Numbers

Homework: Section 3.3 on Pg. 105; #1-5half, 8-10half, 11-18

Draw a picture that shows: $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$ then use it to get the answer



Draw a picture that shows: $\frac{4}{7} - \frac{3}{7}$ then use it to get the answer



Draw a picture that shows: $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{5}$ then explain why you can't use it to get the answer



Pieces are different sizes
(Denominators are different)

When adding/subtracting two fractions, they must have the same Denominator then you just add or subtract the Numerator to get the answer.

Denominator stays the same!

Examples: (Give your answers as mixed AND improper fractions)

$$-\frac{17}{10} - \frac{9}{10} = \frac{-17-9}{10} = \frac{-26 \div 2}{10 \div 2} = \frac{-13}{5}$$

Mixed:

$$5 \overline{) 13} \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -10 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

remainder 3

$-2 \frac{3}{5}$

$$5\frac{1}{9} - 2\frac{4}{9} = \frac{9 \cdot 5 + 1}{9} - \frac{9 \cdot 2 + 4}{9} = \frac{46}{9} - \frac{22}{9} = \frac{24 \div 3}{9 \div 3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

Mixed:

$$3 \overline{) 8} \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ -6 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$2 \frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{2 \cdot 8}{3 \cdot 8} + \frac{5 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 3}$$

$$= \frac{16}{24} + \frac{15}{24}$$

$$= \frac{31}{24}$$

Try numbers

$$1 \overline{) 31} \begin{array}{r} 12 \\ -24 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$1 \frac{7}{24}$

$$1\frac{2}{5} - 3\frac{1}{15} =$$

$$1\frac{2 \cdot 3}{5 \cdot 3} - 3\frac{1}{15}$$

$$1\frac{6}{15} - 3\frac{1}{15}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1 \cdot 15 + 6}{15} - \frac{3 \cdot 15 + 1}{15}$$

$$= \frac{21}{15} - \frac{46}{15} = -\frac{25 \div 5}{15 \div 5} = \frac{-5}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \overline{) 5} \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ -3 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$-1 \frac{2}{3}$