

A bus has 40 people on it. 28 are students and 20 of the students have backpacks (the rest don't). The remaining people on the bus are not students, but 4 of them have backpacks.

a) Fill the table below

	Backpack (B)	No Backpack (B')	Total
Student (S)	20	8	28
Not Student (S')	4	8	12
Total	24	16	40

$$a) P(S) = \frac{28}{40}$$

$$c) P(S \cap B) = \frac{20}{40}$$

$$b) P(S' \cup B) = \frac{20 + 4 + 8}{40} = \frac{32}{40}$$

$$c) P(S|B') = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$e) P(B|S') = \frac{4}{12}$$

$P(\text{are Student} \\ \text{If we know no} \\ \text{backpack})$

$P(\text{have Backpack} \\ \text{If we know they} \\ \text{are not Student})$

A rare genetic disease affect 1 in 200 people.

The test for the disease is correct 98% of the time.

a) Draw a tree diagram to show the possibilities for having the disease and the test results

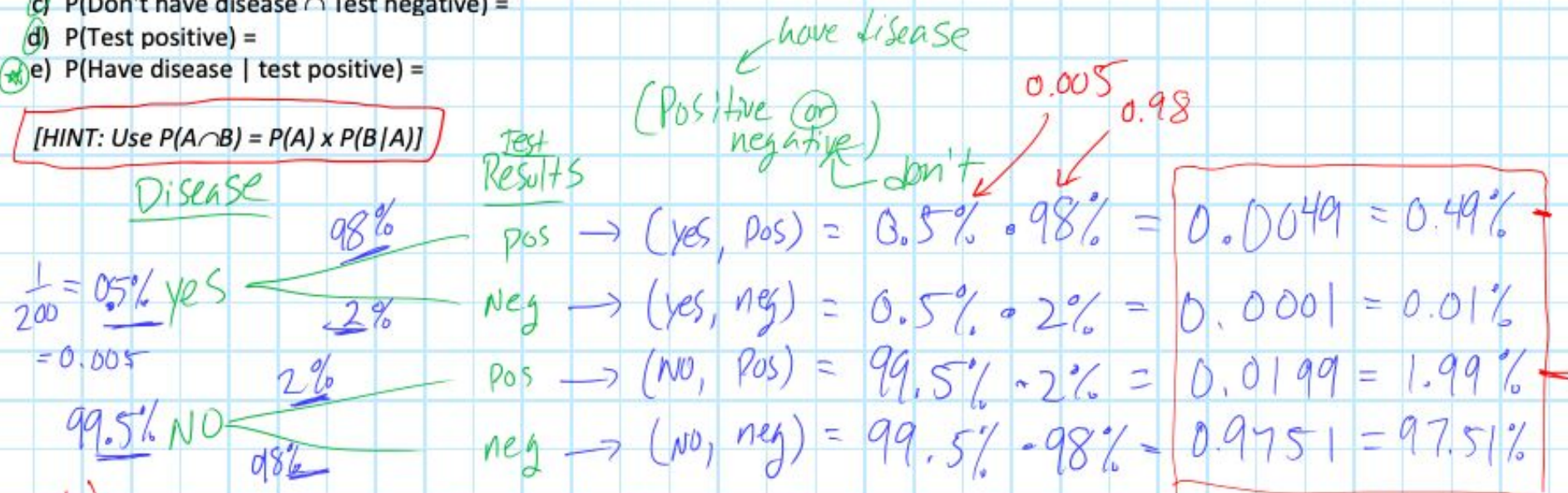
b) $P(\text{Have disease} \cap \text{Test positive}) =$

c) $P(\text{Don't have disease} \cap \text{Test negative}) =$

d) $P(\text{Test positive}) =$

e) $P(\text{Have disease} | \text{test positive}) =$

[HINT: Use $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \times P(B|A)$]



b) 0.49%

c) 97.51%

d) $0.49\% + 1.99\% = 2.48\%$

e) $P(\text{have disease} \text{ if we know test positive}) = \frac{0.49\%}{0.49\% + 1.99\%} = \underline{\underline{19.76\%}}$